

# PIERCE YANDELL GUGENHEIM CO.

Come and See us on the Corner  
We are in our New Store with

The Almighty Dollar Rules the world and the more you get of them the better for you, but it is not so much how many you can get as how that counts. Here is where we come in. We can save you many of the dollars on Dry Goods, Clothing, Shoes and Hats.

## CLOTHING FOR MEN AND BOYS

And a world of it. Come and try us, and you can get a suit of clothes \$1.00 to \$2.50 cheaper than you ever did.

Suits for Men from \$3.50 up to \$10.00. Which are worth from 5.00 to \$15.00.

Boys Suits from 75c. to \$5.50. Which are worth from \$1.00 to \$7.50.

## SUMMER CLOTHING

All kinds of Summer clothing such as Serges, Crashes, Lustres and Dratetete, at the lowest of prices.

## STRAW HATS

In latest shapes and lowest prices. See them.

## SELLING GOOD SHOES

Both stylish and servicable at a less price than anybody can. That is our Motto.

## CLOSING OUT SLIPPERS

See our closing out Slippers Bargains worth \$1.25 to \$1.75 for \$1.00 and \$1.25.

## WONDERFUL BARGAINS.

In Dress Skirts, in Linens, Crashes, wool and silks.

## NEW VALENCIENNES LACES.

15, 20, 25, 35 and 50 cents per yard. Hot weather Fans in all qualities at cold weather prices.

We Fill Your Wants in ALL GOODS For Less Than You Pay Elsewhere.

Try us for any of your wants and your dollars will last longer and go further.

# PIERCE-YANDELL-GUGENHEIM COMPANY.

## FOUR AMERICANS KILLED.

The Fighting Now On Cuban Soil, and Promises to be Hot.

Fifteen Thousan Soldiers Expected To Reach Santiago To-day.

Mole St. Nicholas, June 13.—From the best information obtainable it is learned that four American marines were killed in the engagement with the Spanish at Guantanamo Saturday evening. The marines were encamped on a hill, which was entirely denuded of timber. They were busy arranging camp, and a guard of twenty men had been sent out near the timber. Suddenly, at 4:40 o'clock, the guard was fired on from the foot of the hill, and a number of Spaniards appeared in the bush at the head of the lagoon. The bullets whistled through the air, and for the moment startled the guards. It was only for an instant, however. Almost instantly they returned the fire with rapid volleys. As soon as the shots were heard the men came running from the camp ground and the shore to the aid of their comrades. Many of them, who had been swimming, did not have a shred of clothing on, but this made no difference in their fighting qualities. They had dashed from the water, seizing their arms as they ran, and made for the camp.

Col. Huntington, commanding the marines, formed his men in a semicircle on the far slope of the hill, and they were ordered to kneel. In a few minutes the mountains were resounding with the fusillade the Americans poured into the woods and bushes. The Spaniards fired in the meantime repeated their fire on the guards, but did not try to pick out the men after their formation.

The attack was not exactly in the nature of a surprise to the commander of the camp. A minute before the first shots were fired a Cuban dashed into the camp with the news that the enemy were preparing to attack. He said he thought there were two hundred Spaniards in the woods and was anxious that the Americans should capture them before they could get away.

The Spaniards made a gallant charge up the southwest slope, but were met by repeated volleys from the main body and broke. They were then one third the way up the hill, but they came so close that at points there was almost a hand to hand struggle. The officers used their revolvers. Three Spaniards got through the open formation to the edge of the camp and then, turning and finding themselves without support, ran better-skilled down the reverse side of the hill.

The Spanish loss is unknown, but it was probably considerable. The splashes of blood found at daylight at

the position the Spaniards occupied indicate fatalities, but their comrades carried off the killed and wounded. The engagement began with deadly firing at the pickets a thousand yards inland from the camp. Captain Spicer's company was doing guard duty, and was driven in, finally rallying and repulsing the enemy at 5 o'clock. The bodies of Privates McColgan and Denphy were found, both shot in the head. The large cavities caused by the bullets, which inside a range of 500 yards have a rotary motion, indicates the victims were killed at close range. The bodies were stripped of shoes, hats and cartridge belts and horribly mutilated with machetes. When they were brought in, the whole battalion formed three sides of a hollow square about the camp on the hilltop.

## SECOND BATTLE.

Mole St. Nicholas, June 14.—Another battle has been fought here, and this time both sea and land forces were engaged. It was one of the fiercest battles of the war, and in it were engaged 900 marines, brought here on the Panther, Marblehead, battleship Texas, the collier Abernethy and the Simpson.

Camp McCalla and Crest Hill, where the marines were entrenched, were attacked by an overwhelming Spanish force. Unlike the first fight, this was not a surprise. Our men were not at a disadvantage except as to numbers. The launches of the Texas and the Marblehead, with rapid fire guns in their bows, did heroic work. The fighting lasted all Sunday night and far into dawn. The Spanish lost heavily, leaving a trail of blood up the mountain side on the line of their retreat.

The insurgents say they watched Monday's bombardment from the hills at the rear of Santiago and that 300 Spaniards were killed and several hundred wounded.

The terrible execution was wrought by the twelve inch shells of the battleship Texas. The insurgents predict famine will cause a speedy capitulation of Santiago.

CASTORIA. The Spanish loss is unknown, but it was probably considerable. The splashes of blood found at daylight at

## THE ARMY OF INVASION ON THE WATER.

Washington, D. C., June 13.—The first army of invasion of Cuba is now on its way. Thirty-two transports and 15,000 officers and men conveyed by the navy, sailed from Key West at daylight this morning. This authoritative statement was made at the war department.

By Thursday at the latest the transports will be off Santiago and the large American army will make its landing on Cuban soil. Admiral Sampson has cleared the way and little danger is apprehended of getting ashore. It will be when the advance is made that dramatic developments may be expected. By that time it is likely the American commanders will be in direct communication with the authorities here. Admiral Sampson has taken the shore end of the cable landing at Guantanamo and a force of cable experts are rapidly restoring the line to working order.

Aside from the men and officers making up the expedition, the boats carry vast quantities of supplies, ammunition and war equipments necessary to maintain an organization of this size at least sixty days. The landing of this will take fully a day or two.

Major General Shafter, who commands this expedition, has with him a force of 773 officers and 14,564 enlisted men. The United States regular troops make up the greater part of the force, there being but three volunteer organizations on the ships.

## PORTO RICO WILL BE TAKEN.

Washington, D. C., June 13.—With Sampson commanding the harbor of Santiago, and Shafter sailing to take the city, preparations are being made for the advance on Porto Rico.

Sampson has been advised to be ready to detach a portion of the fleet to move on San Juan on short notice.

It is probable he will place Schley in command of the detachment. Generals Coppinger and Lee, who will command the Porto Rican army, have been for a week comparing and completing plans. As the transports now in use taking troops to Santiago will be employed to take the Porto Rican expedition, two weeks must elapse before the invasion. It is believed, however, that Schley will attack the fortifications within ten days, preparatory to landing.

General Coppinger's army, which is now rapidly preparing at Tampa for the invasion of Porto Rico, will consist of 12,000 regulars and volunteers. It will be ready in about ten days and will be transported immediately on the fall of Santiago.

## Lee To Attack the Cuban Capital.

Washington, D. C., June 13.—Havana is to be attacked as soon as an army can be brought together.

Fitzhugh Lee has received orders to prepare an army of forty thousand men to move on the Cuban capital. This will take thirty days. Lee will draw on several camps for his army. His knowledge of the country about the Cuban capital will aid him materially in leading his army to victory.

After Santiago has been captured and Cervera's fleet destroyed, Sampson will withdraw the heaviest of his warships from Santiago and move on Havana. The attack on the forts will be commenced and the fortifications will undoubtedly be reduced in twenty-four hours.

A plan is now on to drive every Spanish soldier out of Cuba. Large forces are to be landed in all the ports of the island, and a junction will be formed, giving battle to the enemy from one port to another.

## Cervera's Ships All Bottled

Washington, June 14.—The Secretary of the Navy this morning received the following cable message from Admiral Sampson:

"Off Santiago—Lieut. Blue has just returned after a detour of seventy miles to observe the Spanish fleet in Santiago harbor. He reports that the Spanish fleet are all there."

"The Spanish attacked vigorously Guantanamo camp of marines. The outposts had four marines killed, their bodies being mutilated barbarously. Surgeon Gibbs was killed."

Washington, D. C., June 14.—The flying squadron, now assembling at Hampton Roads, will probably be commanded by Commodore Schley. It will be formed of the Brooklyn, New York, Minneapolis, Columbia, St. Paul, Yale, St. Louis and Harvard. It will be the fastest and strongest squadron in the world. The Newark and Cincinnati have too small coal capacity to join the new fleet. The squadron, 'tis said, will go to Spain.

Key West, June 14.—The Spanish batteries started the blockading squadron by opening fire Monday at noon from Morro Castle and Santiago batteries. Two hundred shots were fired in this erratic movement. Capt. Watson would not permit our ships to answer the fire.

## Spain Courting Germany's Aid By Tendering Assistance.

Madrid, June 14.—The Spanish press has expressed its optimism, based on the belief that Germany intends to prevent a bombardment of Manila by making a naval demonstration.

The newspapers urge sacrifices with the view of securing Germany's assistance in the following concessions in return for her taking "the initiative in checking America."

Firstly—Naval stations and coaling depots in Spanish Oceania. Secondly—Spanish concurrence in the development of Germany's commercial and political relations with Morocco.

## Afraid to Fall Into the Insurgent's Hands.

Vienna, June 14.—The Neue Freie Presse today says Spain has requested the Powers to urge the United States to occupy Manila with American soldiers should the town surrender, and not allow the city to fall into the hands of the Insurgents.

## Rushing Another Division.

CHICKAMAUGA NATIONAL PARK, GA., June 14.—Alm. Gen. Brooke's army at Camp Thomas will be on the move to Tampa, Fla., and Cuba before to-morrow night. This information I learn from high authority.

This morning Gen. Brooke received orders from War Department at Washington direct to Tampa as quickly as possible, and from the Florida They are to be rushed to Tampa as quickly as possible, and from the Florida port direct to Cuba as a second expedition. Where they will land is unknown.

WASHINGTON, June 14.—On the 32 transports conveying Gen. Shafter's troops are 15,014 men, according to official reports. They are under convoy of 16 men-of-war, five or six of which are the fleet of Tampa, Fla., and Cuba before to-morrow night. Capt. Tay, of the Indians has command of the fleet of warships and the Segurancia, the flagship of Gen. Shafter. All are expected to arrive at Santiago Thursday morning at the latest. It is thought they will debark at the wharf own. The American mining company near Zichern Bay, nine miles west of Santiago, says, and that they may so Admiral Sampson is protecting the wharf from Spanish attack and destruction.

Guantanamo Bay is being held by Capt. McCalla's force, and the American fleet may be coaled and supplied in the bay for safely transferred to the men of war, thus avoiding returning to Key West for supplies or transferring them in the open sea.

WASHINGTON, June 14.—Spanish Cadiz fleet is puzzling the War Board more than any one thing since the Cape Verde fleet was finally located. The board has no positive knowledge of the whereabouts of the fleet, and hasn't had for some time. This is why it was so greatly alarmed at Key West rumors, and why it held back Shafter's invaders. This is why it is at last trying to get relief to Dewey. This is why the rumor of Spanish warships off Manila is believed to possess possibilities in Washington naval circles.

Washington, D. C., June 14.—At today's regular meeting of the Cabinet the Secretary of War announced that the Cuban invading army is at last on the high seas, and with no stopping place scheduled until Santiago is reached, Thursday or Friday. The Secretary also announced that the first expedition to the Philippines is to arrive at Manila about this time, and that the second expedition now going on board ship at San Francisco will be ready to sail to-morrow.

## LIETER'S COLLAPSE.

New York, June 14.—An attachment of \$793,925 has been granted by Justice Daly of the Supreme court against the property of Joseph Lietter of Chicago in favor of Otto E. Lohrke & Co., grain brokers of this city, for money advanced between February 1 and June 13, 1898. A deputy sheriff served copies of attachment on three local banks. Lietter's losses on cash wheat \$4,020,000. Lietter's losses on July and Sept. futures, \$2,000,000. Total losses \$6,020,000. Net losses \$2,520,000.

## NO TERRITORIAL CONQUEST.

Omaha, Neb., June 14.—W. J. Bryan, in a speech at the exposition, after discussing the resources of Nebraska, turned to the war and said in part: Our nation only took up arms when compelled to choose between war and acquiescence in cruelties which would disgrace barbarians.

If the principles invoked in inaugurating the war are followed out in its prosecution and conclusion, history will vindicate us. If it degenerates into conquest, the charge against us of adding hypocrisy to greed will be hard to refute. Shall we contemplate the colonization of Manila because our fleet won a victory there? Shall we abandon a just resistance to European encroachment upon the western hemisphere in order to mingle in the controversies of Europe and Asia?

People of Nebraska will expect that good faith shall characterize the making of peace as it did the beginning of war.

## J. K. WOODSIDES IS DEAD

consists of much property in this city farm land, mortgages and many thousands of dollars in money.

## The Well Known Crittenden Man Dies in Kansas.

A Church Gets His Fortune. While His Brothers and Sisters Got But A Dollar Each.

The following to a St. Louis paper tells a rather interesting story of a Crittenden county man. The case of Woodside's was Woodside's was on the docket of our courts for fifteen years, and whenever court was in session Josh Woodside was on hand and he in course of time became a familiar personage about the courthouse. He was reputed to be wealthy, but his fortune was probably not so large as reported. Patrick Woodside, his brother, lives near Marion, and other relatives live in the county. Olanthe, Kan., May 30.—J. K. Woodside, 63 years old, a Kentuckian by birth but for the last ten years resident of this city, died at his residence today of pneumonia, after a two weeks' illness, and by his death his relatives are disinherited. The estate of Woodside, who was a member of the church of Christ, and the Covenanters, is made about \$40,000. Mr. Woodside, since coming to this city, has been loaning money and living the life of a miser, and today he died in the little two room building, half completed, he erected last fall. The neighbors supplied him with food and attention during his last illness. By the terms of his will he gives to his brothers and sisters, 15 in all, one dollar each, and the Covenanters church of Sparta, Ill., the remainder, and many believe him to have money and property amounting to \$40,000. One hundred dollars he designates the church must loan, the interest going for the caring of his grave. He has never married and recently has had litigation with some of his brothers back in Kentucky. His relatives are said to be in poor circumstances. One sister lives at Sparta, where his remains will be sent tomorrow, accompanied by a cousin, who lives in this city. For several years he has been living the life of a recluse with scarcely enough to eat and poorly clothed. He was nearly seven feet tall and poor in flesh, and with the old fashioned made clothes he was the oddest personage ever seen in this city. His estate

"It is a pity that more of us cannot cultivate the twofold way of looking at things," writes Edward W. Bok in the June Ladies' Home Journal. "There would be less friction in life if we did, and sweeter sympathy, kinder understanding, and broader and fuller living. The fact is that we never reach the dignity of true living unless we do learn this all-important lesson. And that it may be cultivated admits of no doubt. It is simply a question of schooling ourselves not to condemn generally what individually does not happen to be to our taste. If for example we prefer brown as a color there is no reason on earth why we should condemn the taste of anyone who preferred to wear green. What the vast majority of us need is to be a little more self-poised, more judicious, more willing to see good in the tastes of others, although they do not please our own particular fancies. If we all thought alike, read the same books, saw the same plays, wore the same colors, this would be an exceedingly uninteresting world. 'We cannot see all things in the same way, but we can come near to justice and true respect by taking a twofold view of things while still retaining our strong individuality. The most uncomfortable people in the world are those who assert their judgments as a hard, decisive, final manner, as if they were the only ones. On the other hand the brightest and best minds are those who have most respect for the opinions of others."

## CASTO.

For Infants and Children. The Kind You Have Always Bought Bears the Signature of *Charles H. Pritchard*

## A Man Who Is Tired.

All the time, owing to impoverishment, blood, should take Hood's Sarsaparilla to purify and enrich his blood and give him vitality and vigor. A good spring medicine is a necessity with almost everyone. Hood's Sarsaparilla is what the millions take in the spring. Its great power to purify and enrich the blood and build up health is one of the facts of common experience.

Deering Blader Twine and repairs at Boreman Bros., Topeka, Ky. R. A. Moore.



## We Regret The Necssity

of continually calling upon our delinquents to pay up, and we are going to quit it—just as soon as they all settle. We need the money, need it now and need it hard. The occasion demands a persistent effort at making collections, and unless Sampson turns one of big guns on us, we are going to keep this up. We have obligations that must be met, and the little \$1, \$2, \$3, \$4 or \$5 due us from delinquents will help do the work beautifully. It is a small thing to you, but a big matter to us, when the aggregate of these small sums is considered. Your prompt response will be appreciated.

Sincerely Yours,

THE PRESS.

## The Press.

ISSUED WEEKLY.

R. C. WALKER, Publisher.

ONE YEAR ONE DOLLAR

The Cuban Junta has issued an appeal for funds to help the cause.

The Louisville baseball team is manfully holding its own this year, down at the foot.

We are likely to have some real fighting now, as our army of invasion will touch Cuba in a day.

Congressman Wheeler has appointed Charles Quisenberry to the West Point cadetship.

G. W. Bradley has sent troops to Clay county to assist the court, and he proposes to send them to Mayfield to see that the negro rapist, Blanks, gets a hearing in court.

Ollie Jones has received scores of letters from over the district commending the spirit of his early withdrawal from the race and pleading him support two years later.

Everybody wants good roads, but only a few are willing to pay for them. We get to go to things without paying for them, and good roads do not belong to that class.

Judging from the prophecies with which Gov. Bradley handles soldiers, it might safely be suggested that he would make a good working member of President McKinley's strategy board.

If there is no primary election and a meeting of the committee is held, the committee will doubtless declare that the nominee must pay the expenses of the committee meeting.

According to the government estimates the wheat crop will amount to 640,000,000 bushels. The largest crop previously harvested was 615,000,000. This estimate is not altogether reliable.

If Louisville's boasted legions make no better showing on the field of carnage than her boasted baseball team makes on the diamond, Kentucky will have to depend on the soldier from the rural districts to maintain her prestige.

Kentucky seems not altogether satisfied with the way the Cuban war is being pushed, and she has one of her own in the mountain counties, and there is no complaint because of tardiness on the part of any of the opposing factions.

There is no good sense in holding a primary election, when there is but one candidate for Congress, and then we don't want to see the rule of the committee requiring the candidates to pay the expense of a primary election over put in operation in the old Gibraltar.

As the case submitted to the courts touching the validity of the prison law was an agreed case, and as both parties agreed to abide by the decision of the court of appeals it is not likely that the report that the case will be taken to the United States court is true.

Neither the man who came into fame and fortune through his dealing in wheat has collapsed. He sold, according to reports 10,000,000 bushels of wheat, and the putting of this quantity on the market forced the price down 11 cents despite the efforts of the bulls to hold the prices up. Neither has made an assignment. All the conditions appear to be against the holding up of prices when the farmer is ready to market.

The sinking fund, commissioners of Lyon county have caused to be made a tax levy of \$2 upon each \$100 worth of taxable property in the county for the year 1898. They announce that \$12,000 has been saved to the county by a compromise of one of the judgments. Lyon is a plucky little county. A \$2 tax would almost stop the wheels of progress in any other county of equal size and capacity in the State, but Lyon is going to pull through that railroad tax yet, and prospering as she is with the tax, how she will bloom out, when the tax is finally paid.

## GREAT NAVAL BATTLES

It was more than 200 years after this that the Romans, during the first Punic war, turned their attention to naval affairs. Many improvements had been introduced into naval warfare in the meantime, though the general method of sea fighting was the same as at the time of Salamis. Carthage was the great maritime power of the western Mediterranean, while the Romans had not so much as the beginnings of a navy. In the "war for Sicily," however, the struggle had gone so far that the Romans, their land forces having taken possession of the island, could do nothing more against Carthage unless they attacked her on her own element, the sea. They at once began, therefore, the construction of a fleet. A Carthaginian war galley, which had by chance stranded on their shores, served them as a model. While the galleys were building a sufficient number of men were trained to man them. Boats were erected on land and rowers taught to use the oar before they had even been on the sea. In a short time the Romans had equipped a fleet of 120 war galleys and 40,000 rowers and soldiers. But they were lacking in skill and experience, and were beaten in the first engagement. The Roman commander, the Consul Gaius Duilius, at once exerted himself to find some way of neutralizing the superiority of the Carthaginians in naval tactics. This he effected by the invention of the "corvus," a sort of bridge suspended over the bows of the vessels, which could be let down upon the enemy's ships.

At length the two fleets came in sight of one another near Mylae, the modern Milazzo, and prepared for battle. The Carthaginians, realizing that they were superior in numbers and in naval skill, and expecting that the battle was to be decided by maneuvering, were confident of victory. As the Romans advanced they were met by a shower of arrows and other missiles, but without pausing to return the fire they pushed on until every Roman galley had struck a Carthaginian sail. The ropes to which the corvi were suspended were loosened and the heavy bridges fell upon the enemy's decks, crushing those who had gathered to defend the entrance. The sharp iron spikes on the bottom of the corvi pierced the decks and the contending vessels were finally grappled. Rising to the war cry, the Romans rushed, sword in hand, across the bridges, and met the enemy. The Carthaginian galleys were soon turned into slaughter pens. Eighty of them were taken or destroyed, and many of their beaks, or rostra, were taken to Rome to adorn the forum.

One of the bloodiest battles of history was that fought in the bay of Lepanto, in 1571 between the Papal Venetian and Spanish fleets and that of Selim, sultan of Constantinople. The Christian fleet consisted of 250 ships and more than 50,000 men, under the command of Don John of Austria. The Turkish fleet which was under command of the Pasha Ali much larger. But the Christians had the advantage of equipment. They made use of helmets, coats of mail and fire arms, while many of the Turks had no better defensive weapons than leather shields, and no more formidable missiles than arrows. The admirals began the battle. The vessel of Don John and Ali, after a short cannonade, closed the grapple. The crews of both vessels rushed to the assault and met in a fierce struggle on the gunwales. Three times the Spaniards boarded the Turk and were driven back. A fourth time, with a re-enforcement of 200, they rushed to the assault and then carried everything before them. An indiscriminate slaughter followed. The crescent was quickly replaced by the cross, and the bloody head of Ali, planted on a pole, was raised on the masthead of his flagship. At the sight of this the Christians, with cries of "Victorial! Victorial!" rushed upon the enemy, but the Turks did not yield. The ships grappled, and a hand-to-hand conflict throughout the fleet ensued. Both sides were fired with religious fanaticism, for the pope had promised absolution to all sinners who fought, and heaven to all who died, and Selim, in like manner, had promised the delights of Paradise to all his followers. Pike, javelin and arrows, cannons, matchlocks and arquebuses, used with deadly effect, soon made the decks run with gore. But the result was still doubtful, when the Christian galley slaves in the Turkish vessels revolted, broke their chains and turned on their masters. The criminals who served as galley slaves in the Christian fleet, were at the same time set at liberty and joined in the attack on the Turks. This decided the result. The

## TO THE TRADE.

I wish to say that I am now opening up a new stock of goods in the new building below and adjoining Orme's new drug store; here I expect to carry the best line of goods in the city. I will always have on hands a complete line of the following goods:

SHOES  
HOSIERY  
HATS  
GLOVES

CORSETTS  
COLLARS  
CUFFS  
SHIRTS

BELTS  
RIBBONS  
SASH  
LACES

SUSPENDERS  
UNDERWEAR  
NECKWEAR

And many other

Fancy  
Notions.

that I have not time to mention. I want you to come and see for yourself.

Remember I love to show goods.

YOURS

J. H.  
MORSE.

Fights. A few months before the battle we had not a war vessel on the lake. On the 10th of September, 1813, two large brigs, the Lawrence and the Niagara, and seven smaller vessels, making a force of fifty-four guns and about 600 men, many of them back woodmen, their commander, Perry, hardly more than a youth, advanced to meet a British fleet of six vessels carrying sixty-three guns and nearly 800 men, under the command of Captain Barclay, a veteran who had fought under Nelson at Trafalgar. At 11 o'clock on the morning of the 10th Perry in the Lawrence led the Americans against the British line. Just before the action commenced the wind shifted favorably to the Americans, making the British to leeward. A little before noon the British began firing upon the Lawrence, which did not get near enough for some time to return the fire. When at last she began firing she was not supported by the rest of the fleet, and for two hours she met alone the attack of nearly the whole British fleet. At the end of that time she was a complete wreck, every gun dismounted and hardly a dozen men alive and unhurt. The other American vessels having by this time come up, Perry abandoned the Lawrence and entering a small boat steered for the Niagara. A deadly fire of grape and musketry was poured upon him, but he escaped unhurt and raised his flag on the Niagara. Passing along the enemy's line the Niagara swerved suddenly to the right and broke through the line, raking the Lady Prevost and Chippewa at pistol shot. The other American vessels coming now to the support of the Niagara, the British ships began, one after another to haul down their colors, until at 3 o'clock not a British ensign was flying. The British loss was about 200; the Americans lost 113. The number of prisoners taken was larger than that of the American force at the beginning of the battle.

BATTLE OF TRAFALGAR

The battle of Trafalgar, Nelson's last fight, took place off Cadiz, between the allied French and Spanish fleet of thirty-three sail and the British fleet of twenty-seven. On October 21, 1805, the two fleets came in sight of one another and prepared for fight. The allied fleet drew up in an irregular, crescent shaped line on the harbor tack. The British fleet bore down under full sail, in two single columns, the left of four-teen vessels, led by Nelson in the Victory, and the right, of thirteen, by Admiral Collingwood in the Royal Sovereign. Nelson's object was to break the enemy's fleet up into sections inferior to his own and then engage in a fight at close quarters. The signal, "England expects every man to do his duty," was raised on the masthead of the Victory. Collingwood reached the enemy's line first; broke through the asters of the Santa Anna, and raked her with a broad side. Meanwhile Nelson who course was at less acute angle with the enemy's line than Collingwood's, was bearing down exposed to a raking fire from the ships under his lee. Finally breaking through the enemy's line, the Victory opened with both broadsides. The other ships one after another, followed the admiral's example, breaking through the enemy line and engaging their vessels at close quarters. Nelson, from a feeling of humanity, had given orders that sharpshooters should not be employed to pick off the enemy's officers or clear their rigging. To this order he owed his death. A bullet fired from the mizzenmast of the French vessel Redoubtable struck him on the epaulette and entered his back. He fell with his face upon the deck. When an hour later, as he lay dying below, he learned that fifteen of the enemy had surrendered, he said: "That is well—but I bargained for twenty." And twenty did surrender before the day was over. When he had ordered the fleet to be anchored and requested that they would not throw him overboard, he said: "Now I am satisfied. Thank God! I have done my duty."

Will Surprise You.

In order to prove the great merit of Ely's Cream Balm, the most effective cure for Catarrh and Cold in head your druggist will supply a generous 10 cent trial size or we will mail for 10 cents. Full size 50 cts. Ely Bros., 56 Warren St., New York City. Ely's Cream Balm has completely cured me of catarrh when everything else failed. Many acquaintances have used it with excellent results.—Alfred W. Stevens, Caldwell, Ohio.

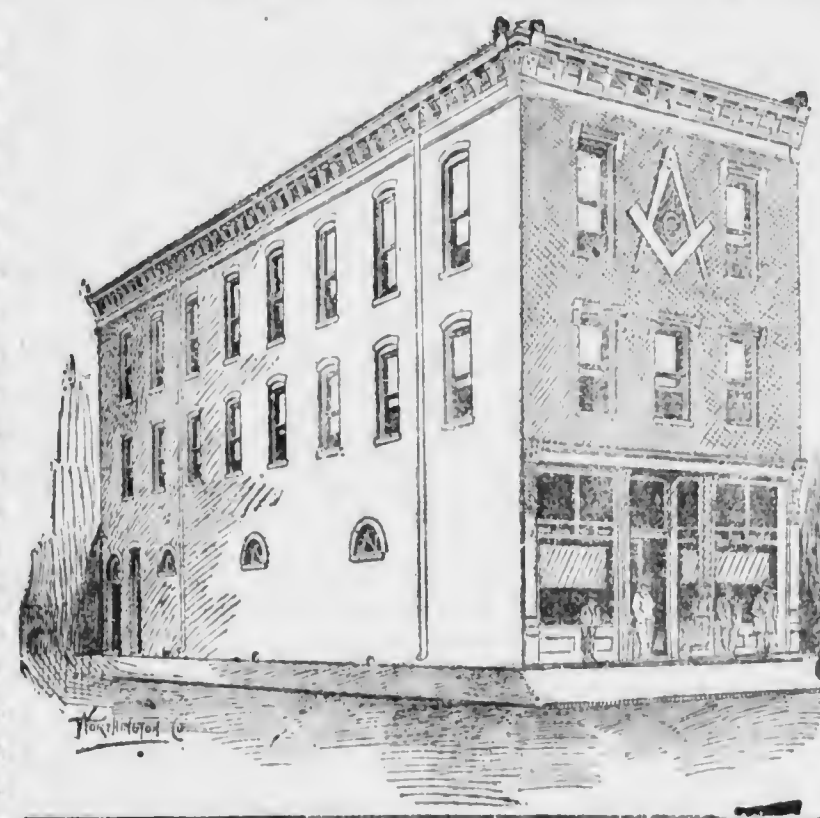
## To Wheat Growers:

To those of our customers who are out of flour and have a crop of wheat growing, we will furnish flour on same to run them until their wheat is threshed, to be paid in wheat at market price at Marion when threshed.

We will take wheat in on deposit this Year

CLARK & KEVIL.

## WE SUBMIT BELOW



A Few of the Reasons why we are the Busiest People in the Country. We have raised the black flag on high prices and are giving them a....

Regular Dewey Reception.

Big Bargains  
In Clothing.

We bought late in the season a big lot of Clothing for SPOT CASH at about 80 per cent on the dollar, and we intend to close it out at the same reduction.

Regular \$7.50 suits for	\$6.00
" 6.50 " " "	5.00
" 5.00 " " "	4.00
" 3.50 " " "	2.75

Big Bargains in mens \$9, \$10, \$12, and \$15 suits. The largest and cheapest line of boys and childrens clothing in the country. Everything in hot weather clothing.

Nice, Light Summer Coats 50c, 75c and \$1.00

Crash Suits \$2.50 Up.

Serge coats and vests, Drablike coats and vests.

Nice black luster coats from \$1.00 up.

Big Bargains  
In Hats.

We have secured some EXTRAORDINARY BARGAINS in mens fur hats. We bought to many of them, are over stocked and will show you

Regular 75c hats for	50c.
" 1.00 " " "	75c.
" 1.25 " " "	\$1.00
" 1.50 " " "	1.25
" 2.00 " " "	1.50

The line embraces all of the latest and most popular styles. You can not afford to buy a hat until you have seen this line.

We have everything in straw hats, from 50c up to the best and at prices that will not be quoted elsewhere.

All of the newest and latest in hats and caps for the little folks.

The Largest Line  
The Best Assortment  
The Lowest Prices.

## CLIFTONS.

Don't Forget

Marion,

..Kentucky.

That we are still selling 75c Cottonade Pants for 50c, and \$1.00 pants for 75c.

## Furniture, HOUSEHOLD AND KITCHEN...

### Of Every Description.

The Best Cheap Bed-room Sets, The Cheapest Fine Bed-room Sets, Cheap Servicable Chairs, Fine Parlor Chairs,

Prettiest Big Rockers in town, Prettiest Little Rockers in town, Sofa Lounges, Many Kinds, Sates, Tables, Etc.

## COFFINS AND CASKETS

I keep a large stock, all grades and sizes, and trim them to suit you. Burial robes and slippers. Hearse for funeral occasions.

## JESSE OLIVE.







## Agents Wanted!

In Every County to Supply  
the Great Popular Demand for  
**America's War for Humanity.**  
TOLD IN PICTURE  
AND STORY.

Compiled and Written by  
**Senator John J. Ingalls,**  
Of Kansas.

The most brilliantly written, most  
profusely and artistically illustrated  
and most intensely popular book on  
the subject of the war with Spain.

Nearly 200 Superb Illustrations

Taken specially for this great work.  
Agents are making \$50 to \$100 a week  
selling it. A veritable bonanza for  
live canvassers. Apply for descrip-  
tion, terms and territory at once to

**N. D. THOMPSON PUB. CO.**  
St. Louis, Mo. or New York City

## DR. MENDENHALL'S COUGH AND CONSUMPTION CURE



Speedily relieves and cures Coughs,  
Colds, Consumption, Bronchitis, Asthma,  
Grippe, Hoarseness, Whooping Cough,  
Croup and all diseases of the lungs and  
respiratory organs.

PRICE, 25 and 50 CENTS.  
PREPARED ONLY BY  
**DR. J. C. MENDENHALL,**  
EVANSVILLE, IND.

## GROVES



**MAKES CHILDREN  
AS FAT AS PIGS**

**TASTELESS  
CHILL  
TONIC**

JUST AS GOOD FOR ADULTS.  
WARRANTED. PRICE 50 CENTS.  
GALATIA, ILL., NOV. 15, 1898.  
Paris Medicine Co., St. Louis, Mo.  
GROVES' TASTELESS CHILL TONIC and  
GROVES' CHILL TONIC are the only  
medicines that give such universal satis-  
faction as this Tonic. Yours truly,  
J. H. GROVES, CHICAGO, ILL.

## HENDERSON ROUTE,

**TIME CARD.**  
GOING EAST.  
No. 42. No. 44.  
Lv Henderson 7:15 a.m. 8:10 p.m.  
Ar Louisville 12:35 p.m. 7:40 p.m.

GOING WEST.  
No. 41. No. 43.  
Lv Louisville 4:50 p.m. 7:30 a.m.  
Ar Henderson 12:40 a.m. 10:10 p.m.

All trains run through solid to Evansville.  
Through parlor cars and Pullman  
sleepers on all trains between St. Louis  
Evansville and Louisville. Connection  
is made at Irvington for Fordville and  
Hardinsburg daily, except Sunday.  
E. C. MORRIS, G. P. A.  
LOUISVILLE, KY

The American Navy, Cuba and Hawaii  
A portfolio, in ten parts, sixteen  
views in each part, of the finest half-  
tone pictures of the American Navy,  
Cuba and Hawaii, has just been issued  
by a Chicago publishing house.

The Illinois Central Railroad has  
made arrangements for a special  
edition for the benefit of its patrons, and  
a specimen copy can be seen at the  
local I. C. ticket office. Single parts  
may be had at ten cents each, the  
full set, one hundred and sixty  
pictures, costs but one dollar. Subscrip-  
tions for the set may be left with the  
agent. In view of the present excite-  
ment regarding Cuba these pictures  
are very timely. Call at the ticket  
office and see them.

**H. S. Fitzpatrick, Agent.**

## ALL THE CITIES OF THE NORTH NORTH-EAST NORTH-WEST

ARE BEST REACHED  
VIA THE  
**EVANSVILLE & TERRE HAUTE R.R.**

2 THROUGH  
VESTIBULE  
TRAINS DAILY  
NASHVILLE  
TO CHICAGO  
EVANSVILLE, IND. NASHVILLE, TENN.

THROUGH  
SLEEPING  
CARS  
NEW ORLEANS  
TO CHICAGO  
EVANSVILLE, IND. NASHVILLE, TENN.

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NEW ORLEANS  
TO CHICAGO  
EVANSVILLE, IND. NASHVILLE, TENN.

1 1/2 lb bar soap for 5 cents at  
Copier's.

Mrs Fannie Cook is visiting friends  
at Sturgis.

Miss Alice Browning returned from  
Tolu Monday.

Miss Annie Jacobs of the Hurrian  
neighborhood died Tuesday.

Miss Laura Miles, is visiting friends  
in Sturgis this week.

Good cool summer drinks always on  
hand.  
W. H. Copher.

When you want real good fresh  
bread buy of your home baker, W.  
H. Copher.

Mrs. C. H. Gregston of Morgan-  
field is visiting Mrs. Carr of this  
place.

We handle all sorts of groceries,  
cheap for cash.  
W. H. Copher.

Miss Susie Carlisle, of Clarksville,  
Tenn., is the guest of Mrs. Carrie  
Thomas of this place.

It is reported that Mr. J. K. Wood-  
side, formerly of this county, died at  
Altha, Kan., May 30.

Miss Martha Grassham and Miss  
Rector of Livingston county were vis-  
iting friends in Marion Tuesday.

John Caldwell, colored, was in  
court Monday to answer for a drink.  
He was fined one dollar.

Clark & Kevil want to buy your  
wheat will take it delivered at Mar-  
ion, Crayneville, Repton or points on  
the river.

Miss Alma Torrell of Henderson  
was the guest of Mrs. Carr yesterday.  
She came over to visit her sister, Mrs.  
Bogges of Shady Grove.

W. H. Copher is prepared to give  
special rates of bread for barbeques,  
picnics, etc. He makes the best article  
and bakes at home.

Usher, Thos. Yandell, of the Ma-  
rion Bank has been indisposed several  
days, he was summoned to appear at  
Owensboro last week, but was too ill  
to attend, and a certificate from his  
family physician to that effect.

The county Sunday School Con-  
vention was held at Chapel Hill Sat-  
urday. The rain materially interfered  
with the attendance, but there were  
five or six hundred people on hand,  
anyhow, and the programme as printed  
in the Press was adhered to. There  
were a number of good speeches,  
some fine vocal music and a splen-  
did dinner. Taking the weather into  
consideration, it was a good conven-  
tion and shows that the county main-  
tains her old time interest in the  
great cause.

**Johnnie Jailed.**  
John White, the negro boy who  
stole from \$40 to \$50, from Mr. C. E.  
Doss, was arrested in Metropolis, Ill.,  
and brought to Marion Sunday. He  
was taken before county judge Roch-  
ester yesterday for a preliminary trial.  
He waived the examination and fail-  
ing to \$250 bond was sent back to  
jail to wait for circuit court. When  
arrested he had disposed of the stolen  
money. He claims that he spent \$12  
for clothing and lost the remainder.

**Town Tax Notice.**  
All persons owing old town tax are  
hereby notified that if the same is not  
paid at once I will levy. I have been  
directed by the board to proceed with  
the collection and I shall do so at  
once. I have the tax books for 1898  
and am ready to receipt for that also.  
B. L. Wilborn,  
City Marshal.

## Sale Notice.

As administrator of the estate of  
the late N. B. Eddings, I will on Fri-  
day, June 24, 1898, at his late resi-  
dence offer to the highest bidder, on a  
credit of six and twelve months, all  
the personal property of said decedent,  
I will also offer at private sale before  
that date a complete set of black-  
smith tools, one new two-horse wa-  
gon, one milk cow. If not sold before  
day of sale, they will be sold to the  
highest bidder. Notes with approv-  
ed security, bearing 6 per cent. inter-  
est is required before property is  
moved.  
J. N. Clark, Adm'r.

**A Retraction.**  
"Several of the applicants from this  
place failed in the recent examination;  
not because they were incompetent,  
but because they were incompetent,  
but because they were not 'pets'."  
There are too many "pets" in the re-  
ligious, political and educational  
world.

The above appears in the Press  
from Crayneville, and I being the writ-  
ter retract the entire paragraph.  
W. H. Watson.

## Deeds Recorded.

John T Wolf to Louis Seibert, lot  
and steam mill for \$1100.

M F Hibbs to John C Moore, 50  
acres for \$400.

John T Pickens, sheriff, to A H  
Cardin, one acre of the Cumberland  
Lead Mines Co. land for \$7.75 tax.

J F Price to A C Moore and A C  
Moore to J F Price, exchange of lots.

Berry F James to G D Ruthertord  
land for \$50.

## WESTON.

We have neither births nor deaths  
to record, and health is good and  
everything progressing nicely.

None of our boys have gone to  
fight the Spaniards yet, but some  
would go should the call be contin-  
ued.

Dr. E M Newcom and wife, of  
Repton, were guests of C. E. Travis  
Sunday.

Jim Ames, of Caseyville, spent  
Sunday last here.

Miss Emma Gilbert, of Marion, vis-  
ited relatives here last week.

Miss Ida Duval, of Mattoon, was  
visiting here the first of the week.

News reaches us from Greens  
Chapel neighborhood that Rev. G.  
M Burnett, of Marion, is in a very  
bad condition which is caused from  
heart disease.

Miss Ermon Cain, who has been  
attending Marion Graded School,  
attended church here Sunday, and  
was highly greeted by her former  
pupils and associates. Miss Ermon  
has served as teacher at this place  
for two terms and this proves her  
ability and skill as an instructor.

She has many friends here and is al-  
ways and ever at her post of duty  
and ready to advance the cause of  
education.

On last Tuesday evening, a week  
ago, the people gathered at the  
river and in a short time boats were  
secured and a large number of peo-  
ple were soon making their way  
down the waters, and soon found  
themselves at Old Clementsburg,  
where they witnessed the rite of bap-  
tism which was performed by Rev.  
James F. Price; Mrs. J. L. Rankin,  
being the candidate. After the cere-  
mony, we were shown to the hospi-  
table home of Mr. Rankin where  
Brother Oakley delivered a good and  
effective talk, which was followed by  
prayer; and after music by our choir  
of which H. E. Nesbitt is leader and  
Miss Florie Farmer, organist. Our  
crowd returned to their respective  
homes with a feeling of gladness in  
their hearts and a good wish for  
those who had shown us so much  
courtesy.

A few Sundays ago our Sunday  
School was honored with the pres-  
ence of our county Superintendent, R.  
M. Frank. Mr. Frank gave us a  
talk, which was appreciated by the  
school. The Sunday School is in  
full blast with J W Gahagan, Supt.;  
C. E. C. Travis, Asst., Miss Lon  
Hughes, Secy. There has been Sun-  
day School here for more than six  
years in succession and we will say  
to the readers of the Press that West-  
on is by no means religiously dead.

Our little town is gaining ground  
and on pleasing terms and there is  
now being a good business carried  
on by the old reliable merchants;  
and while speaking of those who are  
prospering in the mercantile business  
we remember our genial friend and  
pleasant milliner, Mrs. J. S. Heath,  
who is well equipped to the trimm-  
ing of hats etc. She carries a large and  
elegant line of millinery, and is at  
all times ready to serve her custom-  
ers with the courtesy that she ever  
practices, and those wanting latest  
styles and lowest prices should call  
and give her a trial.

## GREEN'S CHAPEL.

Sunday was children's day at this  
place.

Chas Sommers went to Marion last  
Saturday.

John Phillips has gone to Union  
county.

Miss Stella Tudor, of Bells Mines  
was the guest of Miss Ruth Grady  
last week.

Geo. Fritts has bid last farewell to  
old Mounds since the lilies quit bloom-  
ing.

E. N. Woodside, of Crayneville,  
was here last Wednesday talking for  
an Alabama nursery.

W. E. Spencer, one Marion's com-  
mon school graduates is now engaged  
in hallowing "get up Kit."

L. B. Cairo and wife, visited near  
Sturgis Sunday.

K. K. Cummings, of Davies county  
was here Thursday.

Mrs. Ruth Hicklin, who has been  
confined to her bed for the past month  
is slowly improving.

Uncle John Duncan, one of Crit-  
tenden's old land marks, is confined  
to his room with rheumatism.

Mrs. Hays, of Marion, is visiting  
Rev. G. M. Burnett; who is danger-  
ously ill at H. L. Sullivan's.

Rev. C. L. Hicklin filled Rev. G.  
M. Burnett's appointment Sunday.

Last Saturday night while return-  
ing from the singing at A. A. Avitts,  
Walter Williams' horse became fright-  
ened and threw him, but not seriously  
hurting him.

## Card of Thanks.

Kind friends, you who rendered so  
many kind acts in our great bereave-  
ment in mother's illness, we tender  
the most sincere thanks and shall  
ever feel very grateful and hope when  
you come to a bed of affliction and  
death there may be as devoted  
friends in your time of need, and  
that He who doeth all things well  
shall reward when you cross the  
great divide.

Yours gratefully,  
Robt. Carrick and Sister.

**H**OW are the chil-  
dren this summer?  
Are they doing  
well? Do they  
get all the benefit they  
should from their food?  
Are their cheeks and lips  
of good color? And are  
they hearty and robust in  
every way?  
If not, then give them

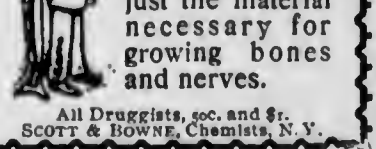
## Scott's Emulsion

of cod liver oil with hypo-  
phosphites.

It never fails to build  
up delicate boys and girls.  
It gives them more flesh  
and better blood.

It is just so with the  
baby also. A little Scott's  
Emulsion, three or four  
times a day, will make  
the thin baby plump and  
prosperous. It

furnishes the  
young body with  
just the material  
necessary for  
growing bones  
and nerves.



All Druggists, sec. and St.  
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, N. Y.

## BAKER ITEMS.

The wheat crop in this section is  
ripening rapidly, but the general im-  
pression is that the yield will not be  
as large as was expected. Oats are  
heading out well.

On account of the sudden disap-  
pearance of my friend Joe Bourland,  
my vacation in the country was sud-  
denly cut short last Monday; and  
now when my friends come to town  
they will find me doing business at  
the same old stand, and I am not a  
bit sorry.

The post office at Baker for which  
I have been working for two months  
past seems now a certainty. The De-  
partment wrote me the other day to  
send them several names to select  
from for the office, and I sent them  
"Clark," of the Oregon, "Dewey,"  
and "Daredevil Hobson." I also re-  
commended Mr. Joseph P. Samuels  
for postmaster in place of myself.  
The office will be a great conve-  
nience to this community.

There was quite an interesting fa-  
mily reunion at Mr. Newcom's, on  
the Will Taylor farm Sunday, so I  
am informed. I learned no particu-  
lars.

Mrs. Russell has been quite sick  
for several days.

Last Sunday was Children's Day  
at Greens Chapel, and a very large  
crowd was in attendance. Rev. Bur-  
nett rose from a sick bed to conduct  
the services. Old fashioned songs  
were very appropriately selected and  
the music is far sweeter, to my ears,  
than the newfangled songs.

Fruit in this section will not be  
superabundant, with the exception  
of that glorious old standby, the  
blackberry.

There is a good deal of feeling in  
this community on the subject of  
Mormonism. Recently they have  
held two meetings on pinnacle rock,  
Rev. Bennett, of Union county hold-  
ing a somewhat heated discussion  
with them at their last meeting. Mr.  
Bennett and others have urged me to  
write an article on Mormonism for  
the Press, and as in 1857 I pub-  
lished "The Nauvoo Democratic  
Press" in the old Mormon city of  
Nauvoo, Hancock county, Illinois, I  
might get up something interesting.

At that time I boarded with the first  
and only wife of the Prophet and  
founder of Mormonism, Joe Smith.  
She was then living with her second  
husband, a Major Bidson, and was  
still keeping the old Mansion House  
hotel that Joe Smith used to keep.  
I was intimately acquainted with all  
of Smith's sons—young Joe, Aleck  
and "Hyrum," for that's the way  
Smith spelled "Hiram." Yes, I  
think I'll write you an article on Mor-

monism for next week's paper.

While waiting for the train at Re-  
pton Monday, I passed a pleasant  
hour with Mr. W. S. Jones and wife.  
Mr. Jones now has the old McMurry  
stand and is postmaster. He is a  
pleasant gentleman.

**NEW SALEM.**  
Esq. C. R. Stephens and wife, of  
Salem were the guests of W. C. Ty-  
ner's family Sunday.

This section was visited by one of  
the heaviest rainstorms of the sea-  
son Sunday night. Farmers are  
very uneasy for fear the wheat crop  
will go down or the ground, become  
so soft they can not use the harves-  
ters.

Mrs. Archey, wife of Rev. Archey,  
has returned home after a protracted  
visit to sick relatives at Crayneville.

Mrs. Dave Wolford, Mrs. Bunk Ba-  
ker, and Miss Biske Harpending  
have all been on the complaining  
list the past two weeks.

Our farmers are sowing a big crop  
of stock peas the present season.  
When a farmer raises peas once as a  
farm crop, he will continue to do  
so.

With the death of Bill Tyner's fa-  
vorite hounds, and the turning to  
cheat of the entire wheat crop of  
John Kirk, spoken of in last week's  
Press, from this section, a slim  
show for news.

Mrs. Sarah Milikin, wife of Abe  
Milikin, is at her son in law. Bob  
Mahan's. She is suffering with an  
attack of paralysis and is in a very  
dangerous condition, being a very  
old lady.

Mrs. Louie Lamb, of Toin, spent  
last week with the family of her  
brother Tom Harpending. She returned  
home Monday.

The wheat harvest will commence  
in earnest this week. We have a  
fine crop of straw, but the grain is  
not near so good as last harvest; we  
do hope our old Master will give us  
a good week to save this crop in,  
as many thousands are looking to the  
present harvest for bread the com-  
ing year.

If our farmers are beet with one  
more week of good weather for farm  
work they will have their crops in a  
good condition.

Miss Jose Tyner and son Jesse re-  
turned home on the 9th, from a visit  
to her son Felix, who lives in Mis-  
souri. She reports her son as well  
pleased with his new home.

Ex-Senator John J. Ingalls, of  
Kansas, whose fame as a brilliant  
writer, a man of remarkable scholar-  
ship and literary attainments, is even  
greater than that of the distinguished  
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great and popular work called forth  
by this wonderfully interesting na-  
tional episode. Whatever Senator  
Ingalls touches he adorns; and this  
book shines and sparkles in the light  
of his genius. The present work is  
worthy of his genius, and will be a  
monument to his fame. The subject  
now so engrosses the popular mind as  
to forecast for this book a sale that  
will be universal. It will be sold by  
subscription only, and the canvassing  
samples are now ready for agents.  
We advertise it in another column.

## THE INFLUENCE

of the Mother shapes the course  
of unborn generations—goes  
sounding through all the  
ages and enters the confines of  
Eternity. With what care, there-  
fore, should the Expectant Mother  
be guarded, and how great the  
effort be to ward off danger and  
make her life joyous and happy.

## MOTHER'S FRIEND

always all  
Nervous-  
ness, re-  
lieves the  
Headache  
Cramps,  
and Nausea,  
and so fully  
prepares the  
system that Childbirth is made easy  
and the time of recovery short-  
ened—many say "stronger after  
that before confinement." It in-  
sures safety to life of both moth-  
er and child. All who have used  
"Mother's Friend" say they will never  
be without it again. No other  
remedy robs confinement of its pain.

A customer whose wife used Mother's Friend  
says that if she had to go through the ordeal  
again, and there were but four bottles to be  
had, and the cost was \$10.00 per bottle, she  
would have them. Geo. LAYTON, Dayton, Ohio

Sent by Mail, on receipt of price, also FREE BOT-  
TLE BOOK TO "EXPECTANT MOTHERS"  
called for upon application, containing val-  
uable information and voluntary subscription  
list. THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., ATLANTA, GA.  
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

# IN NEW QUARTERS.

I am now in my new room in the  
Morse Building and extend

## CORDIAL INVITATION

to call and see my superb facilities for bus-  
iness. I will be glad to have you call.

# DRUGS, PAINTS WALL PAPER.

# J H Ome, the druggist

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subscription only, and the canvassing  
samples are now ready for agents.  
We advertise it in another column.

**HURRICANE No. 5.**  
Canterberry Andrew 10 acres near F  
Wallace 95-6-7-8-9

Easy 10 L 1 lot in Toin 94-6-7-18-70  
Smith W H 50 acres near E Stone 95  
6-6

Stone Sam 50 acres near E Stone 92  
6-00

Vinson Jane and Patsy 10 acres near  
A Canterbury 97-2-00

**FORDS FERRY No. 6.**  
Anderson W E 1 lot in Weston 97-6-18  
Burton John H 1 lot in Weston 97-4-00

Greenlee John A 23 acres near W A  
bridge 96-7-6-8

Harris John H 1 lot in Dycusburg 97  
5-02

Hill Jas I 1 lot in Dycusburg 97-4-20  
Hosker Jas 10 acres near Wm Reid  
97-4-40

Freeman Jasper T 11 acres near Geo  
Bibb 97-4-35

Markham Mrs Sallie K 64 acres near  
Jno Matthews 97-2-90